	[17	.03.2014 11:21]				
jjr man	L			I		
Age 32						
		Main dispersion indexes				
		Heart Stress Index		17%		
		Heart Rhythm Index	x	64%		
		T-alternation		16 mkV		
		Pulse 80tick/min Index of electrical instability 2				
		Detailing code				
		0-L-S-S-S-S-S-7				
GENERAL CONCLUSION	17%: If these deviations are consistently repeated in the portraits of the heart - watch for tendencies (the button "Dynamics of indicators"). In identifying the negative tendency is reasonable advice cardiologist. Moderate changes in heart muscle. Moderate changes in the atria.					
RHYTHM	Moderate deviations from the normal rhythm. Moderate deviations from the normal rhythm. Pay attention to the current exercise.					
ATRIUMS	Changes in electrical excitation of cardiac muscle. RETARDATION of electrical conduction is probable. Moderate changes in the atria.					
VENTRICLES	Moderate changes in heart muscle. The moderate CHANGES similar to deficiency of oxygen at reduction of a cardiac muscle. You should observe the tendencies. MODERATE retardation of electric excitation of heart (QRS).					
COMPENSA TORY REA CTION of myocardium.	Moderate CHANGES in heart muscle. Perhaps the high current load on the heart, such as in sports.					
OTHER CHANGES	Indications of increased stress reaction of an organism. Perhaps tired or too high load on the myocardium. Hard STRESS. If this state is stable there for a few days - to identify causes of stress is necessary. Consult doctor is advisable.					
Dispersion index bound						
Dispersion index	Current value	Norm	Deviation	Evident deviation		
Heart Stress Index, %	17	<15	15-20	>20		
Heart Rhythm Index, %	64	<50	50-79	>79		
T-alternation, mkV	16	<12	12-20	>20		
Index of electrical instability	2 Detailing c		2 or 4	3 or 5		
(0 – norr	n, S-small deviation, L-norm border/devia		• evident deviation)			
G1. Depolarization of right atrium	0	0,S,L,1-5	6-11	>11		
G2. Depolarization of left atrium	L	0,S,L,1-3	4-6	>6		
G3. Depolarization of right ventrick		0,S,L	1-6	>6		
G4. Depolarization of left ventricle	S	0,S,L	1-6	>6		
G5. Repolarization of right ventricle		0,S,L	1	>1		
G6. Repolarization of left ventricle	S	0,S,L	1-6	>6		
G7. Electrical symmetry of ventricle		0,S,L	1-3	>3		
G8. Intraventricular blocking	S	0,S,L	-	>0		
G9. Compensatory reaction of ven	tricles 7	0,S,L,1-3	4-6	>6		

Detailing o	code 0-L-S-S-S-S-S-S-7	
G1-Depolarization of right atrium		NO significant deviations in this group
G2-Depolarization of left atrium		Norm border. You should observe the tendencies.
G3-Depolarization of right ventricle		Norm border. Small changes near the norm border.
G4-Depolarization of left ventricle		Norm border. Small changes near the norm border.
G5-Repolarization of right ventricle	Norm border. Small changes near the norm border.	
G6-Repolarization of left ventricle	Norm border. Small changes near the norm border.	
G7-Electrical symmetry of ventricles	Norm border. Small changes near the norm border.	
G8-Intraventricular blocking		Norm border. Small changes near the norm border.
G9-Compensatory reaction of ventricular myocardium	Most probably: Asymmetr manifestations of excitation o ventricles. These are result o increase of electric activity of lef ventricle myocardium.	
P-Q duration, msec	188	
QT/QTc	314/370	
P duration, msec	88	
QRS duration, msec	102	
Angle QRS, degr.	52	
Angle T, degr. Angle P, degr.	2	
Type of rhythm	Normocardia	
Abnormal heart rate	Decreasing of heart rat	e
	e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e	-